

Street, Brooklyn, injury to right leg. Taken home.

Huober, Harold, three, No. 150 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn, dislocated right hip. Taken home.

Frie, Miss Anna, forty-nine, No. 392 Montauk Avenue, Brooklyn, shock taken home.

McGuire, Miss Anna, forty-five, No. 302 Lincoln Road, Flatbush, contusions left knee, taken home.

Purcell, Mrs. Gerald, thirty-six, No. 345 East 17th Street, Flatbush, contusions of right ankle, possible internal injuries, at St. Mary's Hospital.

Trohenbrod, Mrs. Emma, forty, No. 601 Eagle Avenue, the Bronx, fracture of left ankle, taken home.

#### ABOUT 750 PASSENGERS ON TRAINS IN CRASH.

There were about 850 passengers on the five-car express and 400 on the seven-car local, both electric trains bound from Hempstead to the Flatbush Avenue Station in Brooklyn. The express was due at 9:35 at the Autumn Avenue Station, and the local, which takes the express tracks there, was due at 9:37. Charles Small, No. 46 Grove Avenue, Jamaica, the towerman, whose station is within a few hundred feet of where the accident occurred, said Costello went on by a signal set against him and took the switch to the express track, just as the express train was coming up.

The express hit the third car of the other train. It carried the two forward coaches—which were of steel—200 feet and they left the tracks, veering and listing over against a fence which incloses the railroad property at this point.

As the third rail was torn away there was a pyrotechnic display and excited persons in the neighborhood added to the screams of the panic-stricken passengers who rushed for the doors of both trains.

A telephone message to the police said that between thirty and forty persons had been injured and immediately reserves were sent from the Miller Avenue, Brownsville, Atlantic Avenue and Richmond Hill stations under command of Borough Inspector Murphy. One truck company and three engine companies in command of Acting Chief Donovan reached the scene quickly, as did six ambulances from four hospitals.

#### MOTORMAN SAVES LIFE BY A JUMP.

The electric current had been shut off by the tearing away of the third rail and the lights in the cars extinguished. The police and firemen worked with the aid of hand lamps, and in a short time had cleared the trains of injured.

There was no fire, but uninjured passengers rushed about frantically in the narrow space inside the fences which separate the tracks from the roadway, the women screaming as they hunted for missing children or others. Firemen chopped away the fence, and after the passengers had got outside and been convinced no one was killed they became calm.

Thomas Moore, motorman of the express, was found uninjured. He said when he saw a crash was inevitable he put on the emergency brakes and jumped to one side, which saved his life, as the place where he had been standing was carried away. His train had been going fifty-five miles an hour.

#### INAUGURAL SPEECH IS WELL IN HAND

Harding Has Selected Subjects With Which He Will Deal—Lamont a Caller.

ST. AUGUSTINE, Fla., Feb. 14.—A plea that the Nation forget the animosities and partisanship of the after-war period and put its shoulder unflinchingly to the wheel of reconstruction is expected to form the keynote of Warren G. Harding's message to his fellow countrymen when he comes into the Presidency.

It was learned to-day that considerable "k" had been done toward the preparation of the speech and that the subjects it is to cover virtually had been selected. It is understood it will be brief and will attempt no detailed discussion of any of the problems awaiting solution.

One of the outstanding features is expected to be an appeal for confidence in the Nation's business stability, linked with an assurance that there will be no meddling with the business world. Detailed statement of a taxation policy is to be reserved until Congress has been called into special session, probably in April.

It is believed Mr. Harding's address will touch very briefly on the question of an international peace association. There is expected also to be a word of friendship for Mexico and the rest of Latin-America.

Mr. Harding has a heavy appointment list during the next few days, including Charles Evans Hughes. Among those who had appointments to-day was Thomas W. Lamont, a member in the Morgan banking house who helped frame the financial sections of the Treaty of Versailles.

#### WHAT IS DOING TO-DAY IN CONGRESS

**SENATE.**  
Senate resumes debate on Emergency Tariff Bill.  
Manufactures Committee continues coal hearings.  
Judiciary Committee resumes hearings on alien loans.

**HOUSE.**  
Interstate Commerce Committee begins hearings on amendments to War Risk Insurance Law.  
Ways and Means Committee continues tariff hearings on articles now on free list.

## LEGISLATIVE JAM BLOCKS HARDING PLANS ON TAXES

Congress Will Be Unable to Put Through Programme by July 1st.

#### TOO MANY BILLS IN WAY.

New President Will Be Busy at First With the Office Seekers.

By David Lawrence.  
(Special Correspondent of The Evening World.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 14 (Copyright, 1921).—Legislative plans for a definite undertaking by July 1 of the taxes that business men must pay for this year seem to be going by the board on account of the inability of Congress to get much done at the present session, which ends in a fortnight.

So much legislation of a general character will be left over for the special session to be called by Mr. Harding that the plan of getting revenue legislation out of the way by the end of June is obviously impossible. During the campaign it was whispered by the knowing ones that every business man in the United States would be advised by July 1 just how much of the income of the year 1921 must go to the Government.

The date was tentatively fixed as a goal because many business houses keep their books from July 1 to July 1, and it was considered valuable to know, for example, just how much buying to do and at what margin business could be conducted for the ensuing year. Moreover, concerns which had failed to do very much business in the first six months of the year 1921 were to be benefited by the knowledge that they would be troubled with the excess profits tax either for the first or last six months of 1921. Indeed, while there has been much talk of repealing the excess profits tax, business cannot proceed on that presumption until action to that effect has been taken and some idea is given as to the character of the substitute tax.

#### PLANS ARE UPSET BY LEGISLATIVE JAM.

Until the present Congress got into a legislative jam it was assumed that March 4 would see the passage of all the important appropriation bills, as well as the passage of some general legislation for which the agricultural interests of the country had been pressing. The danger that some appropriation bills may go over until the next session, and that the farmers' organizations will continue their fight early in the next session if, for example, the bill to control the packers fails to get through, makes it likely that the first months of the new session will be slow moving.

Mr. Harding is being urged to call the extra session as early as March 15, though April 15 was the date that previously had been mentioned as a tentative date. The date of the extra session is of double importance to Mr. Harding. First, it bears a direct relationship to the amount of work that can be accomplished before the heat of mid-summer affects the legislative energies and enthusiasm of an overworked Congress.

Second, it means an avalanche of engagements for the President with members of Congress who will be seeking offices for their constituents or else the advice and influence of the President with respect to pending legislation. President Wilson always tried to shape his plans so as to keep Congress away from Washington as much as possible so as to be relieved of legislative pressure, but he did not succeed. Congress was always a millstone around the neck of the Chief Executive, both in the demands for favor and precious time.

#### HARDING WILL BE BUSY WITH MANY PROBLEMS.

The new President will be so busy getting his feet on the ground in the first few weeks of his administration that his work in organizing the executive departments will be seriously interfered with if he must give his immediate attention to conferences with Congressional leaders.

If the present Congress had heeded the warning sounded by Mr. Harding when he was last in Washington—namely, to get as much done during this session as possible—it would have been feasible to postpone the beginning of the extra session to the latter part of April and thus permit of at least six weeks of uninterrupted effort in getting the machinery of the executive branch of the Government working smoothly.

Of the many organizations whose legislation may be lost in the shuffle this session, the farmers' bureau are preparing most actively to push their measures through before March 4. It begins to be apparent that the emergency tariff bill will fail to become a law, even though the Conference Committee of both Houses get it ready to go to the White House in the next week or so. A Presidential veto will further delay the bill.

The bill to control the packers, which has already passed the Senate and has been favorably reported by the House Committee on Agriculture, simply waits an opportunity for a veto.

## BOY DIES OF TYPHUS IN BROOKLYN; FIRST VICTIM SINCE 1892

Public Funeral Prohibited as Dr. Copeland Renews Efforts to Check Immigrants.

The first death of typhus in New York City since 1892 was reported to-day by Health Commissioner Copeland. The victim was James Halligan, eighteen years old, who lived in Brooklyn. Dr. Copeland did not give his exact address for fear of unnecessarily alarming residents in the neighborhood.

Halligan became sick on Jan. 16 and on Jan. 27 he became delirious and in great pain, showing the rash that marks typhus. He died yesterday.

Dr. Copeland has prohibited a public funeral, but has not issued any other orders concerning the case. After a conference with Dr. Norris, Medical Examiner, and other physicians it was decided an autopsy was not necessary.

Dr. Copeland said Halligan was born and reared in this country, was a clean boy and came of a clean family. The Commissioner said he believed Halligan, on a visit to a dock in Brooklyn, had picked up typhus-carrying vermin brought here by immigrants from Europe.

Declaring 15 per cent. of the immigrants landed in New York City from Ellis Island yesterday were vermin-infested, Dr. Copeland to-day sent telegrams to Secretary of Labor William C. Brown, Surgeon Gen. Cummings, Senator Calder and Wadsworth and Speaker Gillett of the House demanding the Government provide facilities at once for cleaning up all immigrants reaching this port.

"New York City cannot and will not allow the entry here of a single immigrant who is vermin-infested," he declared.

Dr. Copeland said the trouble lay at Ellis Island, though he would not attempt to say who was the fault. He declared Ellis Island had no de-lousing station and would not permit the city to install one there. All immigrants now are being cleaned up by the city Health authorities after they land.

Commissioner of Immigration Wallis at Ellis Island laid to-day there is no conflict between city and Federal authorities, but rather between city and State officers, since quarantine is still under State control.

The only hitch in the cleansing of the immigrants occurred to-day when some of their relatives, who had gone to Ellis Island to meet them were stopped by inspectors, who could not distinguish one from the other and forced the relatives also to undergo the process of being "decoated."

One man protested vigorously when it was found the bath was needed, he claimed that he had picked up the vermin on Ellis Island.

#### SLEEPING SICKNESS IN STATEN ISLAND

First Case Reported From Richmond as Two More Victims Die in Manhattan.

The first case of sleeping sickness in Staten Island was reported to-day. The victim is Joseph Wilks, fifty-six, of Westerleigh, who was removed to Station Island Hospital last night and is still unconscious. He was taken ill Thursday and doctors were baffled until to-day, when his case was diagnosed as sleeping sickness by Dr. Frederick Connelley of Port Richmond.

Following the death yesterday of Richard J. Finn, seventeen, a high school boy of Port Chester, N. Y., public funerals for persons dying of the malady have been forbidden by Health Officer William J. Sheehan. Finn is the third victim of sleeping sickness in Port Chester in five weeks.

Two deaths were reported in the last twenty-four hours in New York. They were Mrs. Annie Sokol, forty-six, No. 111 Second Street, and Samuel Richmond, twenty-seven, No. 587 East 11th Street.

#### SUITOR THROWN OUT THROWS BRICK IN

Ejected Lover Loses Not Only the Girl, but \$19 in Presents and \$10 Fine.

George Schumaker, twenty-four, of Union City, N. Y., so much in love with Sophie Winechane, seventeen, of No. 68 Sutton Street, Brooklyn, he bought her a petticoat, shoes and jewelry to the value of \$19. Last night he called at her home and was summarily ordered out of the house by the girl's father, George Winechane, who objected to the young man calling on his daughter. Thereupon Schumaker threw a brick through a window of the Winechane's home.

His \$19 worth of presents have depreciated to about \$10 now, said Magistrate Gleason in the Bridge Plaza Court to-day to Schumaker, "and I will fine you the same amount." The young man paid the fine, while the girl kept the presents.

#### DIES ON FERRY BOAT.

Edgar Herriman, fifty-two years old, of No. 211 Second Street, Union Hill, N. J., assistant station agent at the Camden Terminal, died on the ferry boat Catalina of the 42d Street line yesterday afternoon of heart attack. Bodyman complained of feeling ill in New York and started home accompanied by a relative.

## High Japanese Officials Quit; Involved in Intrigue to Stop Marriage of Crown Prince

Visit of Royal Heir Soon to England Said to Be Part of the Plot.

#### COURT FOR WEDDING.

Insists That Contract Be Fulfilled Betrothing Princess Nagako.

TOKIO, Feb. 14 (Associated Press).—The proposed visit at an early date of the Japanese Crown Prince to England has behind it a "court intrigue." The case is declared to form one of the most extraordinary incidents in the dynastic history of the empire.

Allegations have been made to the effect that the real reason for the visit abroad of Crown Prince Hirohito is due to intrigue within the court to bring about a cancellation of his betrothal to the Princess Nagako, daughter of Gen. Prince Kuni.

The Household Department has issued an official statement to the effect that "rumors seem to be current" concerning the engagement of the Crown Prince to Princess Nagako, but that the nation should understand that no change whatsoever is contemplated concerning the marriage contract, as already informally settled.

"With a view to removing doubts and uneasy feelings on the part of the people," the Home Department has issued a similar communication. This communication adds that Baron Nakamura, Minister of the Household, has decided to resign. It is reported also that Mr. Ishiwara, Vice Minister of the Household, is retiring. The making public of the official communications was followed by a visit of Prince Kuni to the Emperor and Empress.

The newspapers charge an intrigue to annul the betrothal of the Crown Prince and Princess Nagako, who Hirohito is abroad was launched by Baron Nakamura, and that he is supported by Field Marshal Yamagata, one of the elder statesmen. It appears that several distinguished parliamentarians recently visited Yamagata accusing him of interference in the love affair, and that they subsequently sent circulars to all the imperial princes.

According to the Michi Nichi, Field Marshal Yamagata has decided to retire from the Presidency of the Privy Council and to give up his Generalship, as a result of the incident, holding himself responsible for the "grave affair."

As yet mystery surrounds the situation. Beyond saying that the affair gravely affected the imperial household, the authorities are declining to discuss it. The Japanese newspapers, however, do not hesitate to characterize it as "an intrigue."

This being the anniversary of the accession to the throne of Japan's first Emperor, Jimmu, a body of "patriots" prayed at the shrine of the late Emperor Meiji for the carrying out of the marriage of the Crown Prince to Princess Nagako, Crown Prince Hirohito is twenty years old. What the Japanese newspapers call an "intrigue of the Chobun military clanmen to interfere with the marriage of the Crown Prince and Satsuma Princess threatens to bring more into the picture the extreme nationalists, representing military influence, and the forces of progressive opinion. The exposure of a long-expected attempt of the army people to dominate the court follows charges made in the Diet that two Government ministers really exist in Japan—one in the War Department and the other in the Foreign Office.

Not having been permitted freely to discuss the situation, the newspapers have resorted to the device of demanding liberty of expression, declaring this was necessary in order to allay the anxieties of the subjects of the Emperor. Yesterday's edition of the Asahi and yesterday's edition of the Yomiuri were suppressed.

In the mean time six representatives of the popularly known "Six-Men League" continue their opposition to the departure of the Crown Prince. In an endeavor to gain their ends they have managed to get Premier Hara and Field Marshal Yamagata, who is a member of the Military Council of the Empire, with the intention of having Crown Prince Hirohito designated Regent. The imperial ordinance authorizes the Imperial family and the Privy Council to name the Crown Prince Regent in case the Emperor is incapacitated and the Crown Prince has attained his majority. Hirohito now is of age.

#### Prince Kuni Is Grandson of Former Emperor.

Prince Kunyoshi Kuni is the grandson of a former Emperor of Japan. In 1909 he represented the Japanese Government at the Hukon-Pulton celebration in the United States. The Princess Nagako is eighteen years old.

#### ARGUES TO DISMISS DU BOIS INDICTMENT

Police Captain's Counsel Tells Court, Clients Constitutional Rights Are Invaded.

Terrence J. McManus, attorney for Police Captain Percy M. Du Bois, indicted on a charge of accepting illegal fees for police protection during a strike of printers, made a motion for the dismissal of the indictment to-day before Judge Crain in General Sessions. Mr. McManus declared Capt. Du Bois' constitutional rights had been invaded, and the evidence on which the indictment was based was "the most illegal and incompetent I have ever heard of in my forty-five years of experience in the law."

Charles S. Whitman, who is conducting the Grand Jury investigation of city graft, opposed the motion. Judge Crain reserved decision and gave the attorneys until Wednesday for the filing of briefs.

## JAPANESE PRINCE, CENTRE OF STORM IN TOKIO COURT

#### WIFE CATALOGUES HUSBAND'S 7 SINS; COVER WIDE RANGE

Eighteen Dogs and a Revolver Among Mrs. L. H. Walsh's Reasons for Separation.

The seven alleged sins of Richard S. Walsh, No. 117 Bainbridge Street, Brooklyn, against his wife, who filed a suit for separation to-day, were listed as follows:

Failed to remember their third wedding anniversary.

Kept eighteen dogs in the basement.

Never arose before noon.

Failed to provide enough money.

Objected to wife's visits to her parents.

Pawned her engagement ring.

Threatened to shoot her with a revolver.

The wife, Mrs. Loretta Hughes Walsh, is now living with her mother at No. 1073 Prospect Place, Brooklyn. She says her husband's income is \$18,000 a year.

In his answer Walsh says his income is only \$10,000. He admits keeping dogs, but says his wife was used to that sort of thing before he married her, for her father also kept dogs. He says she exhibited them at dog shows. He says she was thirty years old when he married her and she apparently "took little interest in married life." He says she refused to do any housework and would not have children.

The "revolver" mentioned by the wife, he said, was a blunderbuss of the Revolutionary pattern "and could harm no one."

#### TRUCKS AND CAR CRASH ON BRIDGE

Three Hurt in Collisions Due to Failure of Brakes On Trolley to Work.

A Graham Avenue trolley car collided with a motor truck belonging to Salina Brothers, No. 61 Ann Street, on the Brooklyn Bridge about 200 feet east of Park Row this morning, and in that and a subsequent crash three men were injured. It was necessary to take them to Volunteer Hospital for treatment. The police said the collision was due to the failure of the brakes on the trolley car.

Nathan Zuckerman, motorman of the car, was hurt. The roadway and trolley car were damaged. Then there was a second collision immediately afterward with a motor truck of the United Copper Company of No. 33 Lambert Street, the chauffeur, Joseph Jeimenson of No. 3098 Farragut Road, being hurled to the roadway. He was taken to Volunteer Hospital. One of the trucks then collided with a horse-drawn vehicle of the B. R. T., and the driver, Peter Smith of No. 127 Smith Street, Brooklyn, was cut about the head and the two was taken to Volunteer Hospital.

#### COCAINE SENT HERE FROM GERMANY

Shipped Through Holland, Says Report to Dr. Simon by Investigator Opium From Constantinople.

Dr. Carleton Simon, Special Deputy Police Commissioner in charge of violations of the narcotic laws, announced to-day that he had received a voluminous report from a special investigator sent by him to France six weeks ago to confer with the French police as to the source and methods of the unlawful shipments of drugs from Europe to this city.

His investigator, Dr. Simon said, had been received with every courtesy by the Paris Prefecture of Police. He said the evils of drug using were far more general in French cities than here and the French were even more anxious to learn of American methods of coping with those in the business than they were to give information to the New Yorker.

As to the substance of the report Dr. Simon limited himself to saying that it had been established that the cocaine sent to this country came from German drug factories through Holland and had the opium used in the manufacture of morphine here was brought to New York from Constantinople and carried to this country by crews of steamers from the Mediterranean.

#### SEEKS TO HASTEN DISARMAMENT CALL

Illinois Congressman Offers Amendment to Tie-Up Fleet Building Till Harding Acts.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—A move which would force President-elect Harding to call a disarmament conference before any funds would be available for the continuance of 1916 naval building programme during the fiscal year beginning July 1, was started in the House to-day by Representative Brooks, Illinois.

He introduced such an amendment to the Naval Appropriation Bill, which after a sharp debate was held to be in order.

The amendment caused a lively debate, Republican leaders, such as Representative Madden, Illinois, and Representative Fox, Ohio, opposing it, while indications were that the majority of the Democrats would support it.

#### St. Patrick's Day Parade Plans.

Roderick J. Kennedy, Chairman of the St. Patrick's Day Parade and Celebration Committee, to-day issued a call for a general meeting to be held Thursday night at No. 163 East 85th Street, where it is planned to have representation from all the organizations intending to take part in the celebration. The parade this year, Mr. Kennedy said, is to be "a demonstration of protest."

#### Gov. Miller Returns to Work.

ALBANY, Feb. 14.—Gov. Miller returned to the Executive Chamber to-day after an absence of a fortnight on account of illness. He said he had a good rest while away from the Capitol. During the week he will go to the Legislature a message dealing with the filing of bills.

## HETRICK'S CARDS USED IN HIS "CODE" ADMITTED IN COURT

Two Seized in Raid on Office Show How "Competing" Bids Were Accepted.

Efforts to throw out "code of practice" cases on which "competing" plumbing contractors reported their bids to a central bureau, failed to-day when the trial of John P. Hettrick and three codefendants on charges of conspiracy and coercion was resumed before Justice McAvoy in the Supreme Court Criminal Branch.

The cards seized during the Lockwood Committee sessions when Hettrick's office at No. 165 Broadway was raided, were identified by John C. Arzenberg, Hettrick's clerk.

Charles Armstrong said he and his brother James had been called to Hettrick's office before the visit of Chapman and Doran. Hettrick, Armstrong said, told him the code of practice had been informally approved by Chief Justice White of the U. S. Supreme Court.

"Hettrick said Justice White told him it was all right but that he could not formally approve it because of his position," Armstrong said. "He said Justice White did the next best thing by sending his autographed picture, which Hettrick showed me on his office wall."

Doran, Chapman, walking delegate, and Herbert Smith, President of the Master Plumbers, are co-defendants with Hettrick.

"They told me if I did not join I might have trouble and find I had no men working for me," said Armstrong, telling of a visit by Chapman and Doran.

"My brother Charles came in and I repeated the talk to him. He said 'This sounds like a threat.' They told him to take it or leave it and laughed when he suggested the District Attorney ought to know about it."

Armstrong said he joined the organization and paid four per cent. on his contract totals into the "Code of Practice."

The "roll call" of the Hettrick organization was identified by Aisenbrey. He also identified the order cards on which the "competing" contractors reported their bids to the central bureau.

One of the seized cards, bore a notation asking to have the "Code of practice applied in the case."

Another reported a bid on a contract at No. 305 West 91st Street bore the remark, "We have done this architect's work for ten years. We claim this job."

#### BURGLARS NEAR A POLICE STATION

Must Have Used Truck to Carry Loot From West 30th Street Places.

Two successful robberies within a block of the West 30th Street Police Station were revealed to-day.

On the night of Feb. 2, burglars entered the storerooms of the Union News Company, No. 257 West 30th Street, by filling the bars on a rear window. They took between \$2,000 and \$3,000 worth of cigarettes, candy, pencils and other stock. From the bulk of the loot, it is believed the thieves carried it away in a truck.

Last Saturday night robbers broke into the quarters of the Greely Leather Goods Company at No. 265 West 30th Street. It is believed they scaled a rear wall and then climbed up four stories on the fire escape. They got out the same way with between \$2,000 and \$3,000 worth of finished leather goods, which they took away in a truck.

Police of the West 30th Street Station were notified of the thefts and made investigations, but nothing came of them.

#### CHARGES SIX MEN WITH ROBBING HIM

Brooklyn Man Says He Was Stabbed and \$65 Taken After Card Game.

Six men were arraigned to-day in Adams Street Court, Brooklyn, charged with robbery on complaint of William P. McCarthy, a chauffeur, of No. 46 Underhill Avenue. They were held without bail for a hearing Wednesday.

McCarthy said that he went with one of the defendants, Frank Leyden, of No. 69 Douglas Street, to the home of William Hines, No. 10 Columbia Place, where they played cards till 2:30 A. M. As he started to leave, he said, he was stabbed twice in the neck, carried to the cellar and robbed of \$65.

Then, he says, the men carried him to the street, intending to leave him in a hallway. Once outside his area for help were heard by Patrolman William Lethner.

Besides Leyden and Hines the defendants are Richard Kennedy, No. 79 Hicks Street; Leon Seifert, No. 62 Fulton Street; James Thornton, no address; and John Reinhardt, No. 55 State Street. McCarthy's wounds are not serious.

#### Traffic Cop Holds Up Funeral Procession.

A long funeral procession, headed by Policeman Miller on foot moved up to the Bridge Plaza Court in Long Island City to-day and Miller took Undertaker Edwards Donovan of No. 675 Hudson Street, Manhattan, before Magistrate Short, charging him with persisting in violating traffic rules. The Magistrate reprimanded the undertaker for his disobedience of the policeman and the policeman for halting a funeral and delaying the case.

## LADY CARTER IN A TILT WITH PREMIER'S WIFE

Political Duel Between Mrs. Lloyd George and Asquith's Daughter Interests England.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—The prospects of a wordy duel between Mrs. Lloyd George, wife of the Premier, and Lady Bonham Carter, eldest daughter of former Premier Asquith, during this week's electioneering at Cardigan, Wales, is providing entertainment for a large number of people in England, especially friends of both families.

Mrs. Lloyd George has been stamping Wales for a week in an effort to secure the election of Capt. Evans, who has been one of her husband's private secretaries. His election would place the people of Cardigan-shire back of the Prime Minister at the time when his star shows signs of waning.

Lady Bonham Carter supports Llewellyn Williams, the Liberal candidate, and the possibility of a clash between feminine members of the two families in public is eagerly awaited. Mr. Asquith's daughter is one of the best women speakers in this country, whereas Mrs. Lloyd George has none of her husband's eloquence.

The "roll call" of the Hettrick organization was identified by Aisenbrey. He also identified the order cards on which the "competing" contractors reported their bids to the central bureau.

One of the seized cards, bore a notation asking to have the "Code of practice applied in the case."

Another reported a bid on a contract at No. 305 West 91st Street bore the remark, "We have done this architect's work for ten years. We claim this job."

One of the seized cards, bore a notation asking to have the "Code of practice applied in the case."

Another reported a bid on a contract at No. 305 West 91st Street bore the remark, "We have done this architect's work for ten years. We claim this job."

One of the seized cards, bore a notation asking to have the "Code of practice applied in the case."

Another reported a bid on a contract at No. 305 West 91st Street bore the remark, "We have done this architect's work for ten years. We claim this job."